

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 20.03.2019

Revision date: 08.11.2024

EQUIBACTIN ORAL PASTE FOR HORSES

SECTION 1: Identification

Product identifier

Product name: EQUIBACTIN ORAL PASTE FOR HORSES

Synonyms: SULPHA-T PASTE

Recommended use of the product and restriction on use:

Relevant identified uses: ANTIBIOTIC, HORSE TREATMENT, VETERINARY USE: This product is for the treatment of bacterial infections in horses caused by organisms sensitive to the combination of sulfadimidine

and trimethoprim.

Uses advised against: Not for human use.

Reasons why uses advised against: Veterinary product.

Manufacturer or supplier details

Supplier:

Dechra Veterinary Products NZ Limited

PO Box 1604,

Paraparaumu Beach, 5252

New Zealand

Phone: 0800 479 838 Email: info.nz@dechra.com

Website: http://www.dechra.co.nz/

Emergency telephone number:

New Zealand

National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Not Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Classified in accordance with the relevant criteria of the HSNO Act 1996, the Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2017 and the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2017, New Zealand.

HSNO Classification or Subclasses – Physical hazards: Not applicable

HSNO Classification or Subclasses – Health hazards:

Class	GHS Category	HSNO Category
Skin irritation	category 2	6.3A
Eye irritation	category 2A	6.4A
Carcinogenicity	category 1B	6.7A
Reproductive toxicity	category 2	6.8B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	category 2	6.9B

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HSNO Classification or Subclasses – Environmental hazards: Not applicable

GHS classification:

Skin irritation, category 2
Eye irritation, category 2A
Carcinogenicity, category 1B
Reproductive toxicity, category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s):





Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H350 May cause cancer

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements:

P102 Keep out of reach of children

P201 Obtain special instructions before use

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P260 Do not breathe dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapours or spray

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P321 Specific treatment (see Sections 4-8 of this SDS and any supplemental information on the product label)

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice and attention

P405 Store locked up

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations

Hazards not otherwise classified:

None.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS number: 57-68-1	Sulfadimidine	41.67
CAS number: 8012-95-1	Paraffin oils	20-40
CAS number: 8009-03-8	Petrolatum (Untreated or Mildly Treated)	5-15
CAS number: 738-70-5	Trimethoprim	8.33

Additional information:

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret under the provisions of sections 55 (7) of the HSNO Act.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Center (e.g. phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Description of first aid measures

General notes:

Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor in attendance.

After inhalation:

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek medical advice/attention.

After skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After eye contact:

Rinse eyes with plenty of gently flowing lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

After swallowing:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute symptoms and effects:

Skin contact may result in redness, pain, burning and inflammation.

Eye contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, inflammation, itching, burning and tearing.

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Delayed symptoms and effects:

Exposure may cause cancer. Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time). Long term exposure may affect fertility. Symptoms include, but are not limited to: menstrual problems, altered sexual behavior/fertility/ and pregnancy outcome. Long term exposure may also affect development of the unborn child. Symptoms include, but are not limited to: intrauterine growth retardation, pre-term birth, birth defects and postnatal death.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Immediate medical attention and special treatment:

Specific treatment:

Not determined or not applicable.

Notes for the doctor:

Treat symptomatically.

Workplace Facilities:

No additional information.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards during fire-fighting:

Non flammable. May evolve carbon oxides, sulphur oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special precautions:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

Hazchem or Emergency Action Code:

Not Applicable.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

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Reference to other sections:

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage precautions

Precautions for safe handling:

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated location out of direct sunlight. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Store below 30°C (room temperature). Protect from light. Avoid temperatures below 2°C.

Container type: HDPE

Safe packaging material

Suitable material:

Not determined or not applicable.

Unsuitable material:

Not determined or not applicable.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Occupational Exposure limit values:

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
New Zealand	Paraffin oils	8012-95-1	8-hour TWA: 5 mg/m3
		8012-95-1	15-min STEL: 10 mg/m3

Biological limit value:

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Information on monitoring procedures:

Not determined or not applicable

Appropriate engineering controls:

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Personal protection equipment

Eye and face protection:

Safety glasses or goggles. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

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Skin and body protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

Respiratory protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn.

General hygienic measures:

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	White; Solid/Paste
Odour	Slight odour
Odour threshold	Not determined or not available.
pH	Not determined or not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined or not available.
Initial boiling point/range	Not determined or not available.
Flash point (closed cup)	Not determined or not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non flammable
Upper flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Lower flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Vapour pressure	Not determined or not available.
Vapour density	Not determined or not available.
Relative density	Not determined or not available.
Solubilities	Not determined or not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined or not available.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Particle characteristics	Not determined or not available.

Other information: No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity:

Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

Chemical stability:

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

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Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

Conditions to avoid:

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials:

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid) and alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide).

Hazardous decomposition products:

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ sulphur oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute toxicity:

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Route	Result
Trimethoprim	Oral ATE	LD50 Rat: 500 mg/kg
Petrolatum (Untreated or Mildly	oral	LD50 Rat: >5000 mg/kg ([Read-across substance data])
Treated)	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg ([Read-across substance data])
Paraffin oils	oral	LD50 Rat: >5000 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rabbit: >2000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Assessment:

Causes skin irritation.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Sulfadimidine	Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Assessment:

Causes serious eye irritation.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Sulfadimidine	Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

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Carcinogenicity

Assessment:

May cause cancer.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Species	Result
Petrolatum (Untreated or Mildly Treated)		May cause cancer.

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): None of the ingredients are listed.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Reproductive toxicity

Assessment:

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Trimethoprim	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Assessment

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Trimethoprim	Causes damage to organs (bone marrow), through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data:

No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Paraffin oils	Maybe fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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Information on likely routes of exposure:

Skin contact, eye contact, ingestion.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

See section 4 of this SDS.

Other information:

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Acute (short-term) toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Trimethoprim	Fish LC50 Oryzias latipes: >100 mg/L (96 hr [ECOTOX database])
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 149 mg/L (48 hr [intoxication & immobility- ECOTOX database])
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Raphidocelis subcapitata: 83.8 mg/L (96 hr [Population growth rate-ECOTOX database])
Sulfadimidine	Fish LC50 Oryzias latipes: >100 mg/L (96 hr)
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: 31.4 mg/L (48 hr [immobilisation])
Petrolatum (Untreated or Mildly Treated)	Fish LC50 Pimephales promelas: >100 mg/L (96 hr [LL50, Read-across substance data])
	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Daphnia magna: >10,000 mg/L (48 hr [EL50-mobility, Read-across substance data])
	Aquatic Plants LC50 Raphidocelis subcapitata: >1000 mg/L (72 hr [EL50-growth rate, QSAR substance data])

Chronic (long-term) toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result	
Trimethoprim	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 3.12 mg/L (21 d [reprodution-ECOTOX database])	
Sulfadimidine	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 1.563 mg/L (21 d [growth & reproduction])	
Petrolatum (Untreated or Mildly Treated)	Fish NOEC Oncorhynchus mykiss: >= 1000 mg/L (28 d [NOEL-morta QSAR substance data])	
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnia magna: 10 mg/L (21 d [NOEL-reproduction, Read-across substance data])	

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Persistence and degradability Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Sulfadimidine	The substance is not readily biodegradable. 23% degradation in water, after 14 days.
Petrolatum (Untreated or Mildly Treated)	The substance is inherently biodegradable. 31% degradation in water, measured by O2 consumption, after 28 days (Read-across substance data).
Paraffin oils	Standard biodegradability studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances

Bioaccumulative potential

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Trimethoprim	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (BCF=3).
Sulfadimidine	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (BCF= 1.19).
Petrolatum (Untreated or Mildly Treated)	Standard bioaccumulation studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.
Paraffin oils	The substance has the potential to bioaccumulate (BCF:≥ 500, QSAR substance data).

Mobility in soil

Product data: No data available.

Substance data:

Name	Result
Trimethoprim	The substance is mobile; therefore, adsorption to soil is not expected (estimated Koc: 75).
Sulfadimidine	The substance is moderately mobile, therefore, slight adsorption to soil is expected (Koc=191.3, QSAR data).
Petrolatum (Untreated or Mildly Treated)	Standard adsorption/desorption studies are not applicable to petroleum UVCB substances.
Paraffin oils	The substance is slightly mobile, therefore, adsorption to soil and sediment is expected (log Koc: >3, QSAR substance data).

Hazard to the ozone layer

Product data: No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Other adverse effects: No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods:

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory agencies. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, regional, state and federal regulations.

Contaminated packages:

Not determined or not applicable.

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Disposal methods that should not be used:

No additional information.

SECTION 14: Transportation information

Road/Rail transport: (NZS 5433:1999)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-ICAO)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code: Not Applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

HSNO Classification or Subclasses:

Class	GHS Category	HSNO Category
Skin irritation	category 2	6.3A
Eye irritation	category 2A	6.4A
Carcinogenicity	category 1B	6.7A
Reproductive toxicity	category 2	6.8B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	category 2	6.9B

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HSNO Group Standard Name:	HSNO Approval Number:
Veterinary Medicines (Limited Pack Size,	HSR100757
Finished Dose) Group Standard 2017	

HSNO Controls: Not determined.

Approved handler test certificate: Not determined.

Tracking: Not determined.

Controlled substance license requirements: Not applicable.

Agricultural Compounds and Veterinary Medicines Act 1997:

ACVM number A009582

Montreal Protocol (Ozone Depleting Substances): None of the ingredients are listed.

Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants): None of the ingredients are listed.

Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent): None of the ingredients are listed.

Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste): None of the ingredients are listed.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and Acronyms:

ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
EC50	Effective Concentration of 50%
GHS	Globally Harmonized System
HSNO	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	Intermediate Bulk Container
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%
LD50	Lethal Dose 50%
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
TWA	Time Weighted Average
UN	United Nations
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

Disclaimer:

The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.

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Revision Notes:

Revision Date	Notes
08-11-2024	Version 2; Supersedes Version 1: 20.03.2019

End of Safety Data Sheet