

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Page **1** of **12** 

**Initial preparation date:** 21.09.2021

**Revision date: 13.09. 2024** 

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### **Product identifier**

Product name: ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS

Synonyms: Enrobactin 50 Antibiotic Tablets; Enrobactin 150 Antibiotic Tablets

### Recommended use of the product and restriction on use:

**Relevant identified uses:** VETERINARY USE: Treatment of bacterial infections caused by organisms sensitive to Enrofloxacin in dogs. This includes treatment of infections of the skin, upper and lower

respiratory tract, genitourinary tract, wounds, abscesses and discharging sinuses.

Uses advised against: Not for human use.

Reasons why uses advised against: Veterinary product.

### Manufacturer or supplier details

Supplier:

### **Dechra Veterinary Products NZ Limited**

PO Box 1604,

Paraparaumu Beach, 5252

New Zealand

Phone: 0800 479 838 Email: info.nz@dechra.com

Website: http://www.dechra.co.nz/

#### **Emergency telephone number:**

#### **New Zealand**

National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Not Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

Classified in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

**HSNO Classification or Subclasses – Physical hazards:** Not applicable

**HSNO Classification or Subclasses – Health hazards:** 

Class	GHS Category	HSNO Category
Acute toxicity (oral)	Category 4	6.1D (Oral)
Respiratory sensitization	Category 1	6.5A
Skin sensitization	Category 1	6.5B
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1	6.9A

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page 2 of 12

**Revision date: 13.09.2024** 

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

### **HSNO Classification or Subclasses – Environmental hazards:** Not applicable

#### **GHS** classification:

Acute toxicity (oral), category 4
Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Skin sensitization, category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

### Hazard pictogram(s):





Signal word: Danger

#### **Hazard statements:**

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

### **Precautionary statements:**

P102 Keep out of reach of children

P260 Do not breathe dust, fumes or gas

P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection

P264 Wash skin thoroughly for 15 minutes after handling

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P321 Specific treatment (see Sections 4-8 of this SDS and any supplemental information on the product label)

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention

P304+P341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor if you feel unwell

P330 Rinse mouth

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations

### Hazards not otherwise classified:

None.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Identification	Name	Weight %
CAS number: 93106-60-6	Enrofloxacin	32
CAS number: 14807-96-6	Talc (non-asbestiform)	<2

#### **Additional information:**

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret under the provisions of sections 55 (7) of the HSNO Act.

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page **3** of **12** 

**Revision date:** 13.09.2024

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

# For advice, contact a Poisons Information Center (e.g. phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

#### **Description of first aid measures**

#### **General notes:**

Show this Safety Data Sheet to the doctor in attendance. Take precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue. Wear appropriate safety eyewear, gloves, protective clothing and respiratory protection to prevent exposure. See Section 8 of this SDS for personal protective equipment recommendations. Do not use the mouth to mouth method if victim has ingested or inhaled the product. Give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper device.

#### After inhalation:

If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and place in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep person at rest. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped, provide artificial respiration. If experiencing respiratory symptoms, seek medical advice/attention.

#### After skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with copious amounts of water [shower] for several minutes. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

#### **After eye contact:**

Rinse eyes with plenty of gently flowing lukewarm water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Protect unexposed eye. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention.

#### After swallowing:

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting unless told to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, place on the left side with head down to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. If symptoms develop or persist, seek medical advice/attention. See Section 8 of this SDS for personal protective equipment recommendations. Do not use the mouth to mouth method if victim has ingested or inhaled the product. Give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper device.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

### **Acute symptoms and effects:**

Inhalation exposure may cause allergy, asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties. Symptoms may include cough, chronic phlegm, shortness of breath, wheezing and chest tightness. Symptoms may be delayed.

Dermal exposure may cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms may include irritation, redness, pain, rash, inflammation, itching, burning and dermatitis.

Acute oral exposure may lead to dizziness, drowsiness, headache, breathing difficulties, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, and lowering of consciousness. Adverse effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

#### **Delayed symptoms and effects:**

Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

Symptoms of exposure may be delayed.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Effects are dependent on exposure (dose, concentration, contact time).

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page 4 of 12

**Revision date: 13.09.2024** 

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

### Immediate medical attention and special treatment

### **Specific treatment:**

Not determined or not applicable.

#### Notes for the doctor:

Treat symptomatically.

### **Workplace Facilities:**

No additional information.

### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable extinguishing media:**

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use water jet.

### Specific hazards during fire-fighting:

Non-flammable. May evolve carbon oxides, sulphur oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

### Special protective equipment for firefighters:

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full-face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

#### Special precautions:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, hair and clothing. Do not breathe fumes/gas/mists/aerosols/vapors/dusts. Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Use water spray/fog for cooling fire exposed containers. Avoid unnecessary run-off of extinguishing media which may cause pollution.

### **Hazchem or Emergency Action Code:**

Not Applicable.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Wear recommended personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### **Environmental precautions:**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent from reaching drains, sewers and waterways. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Harmful if swallowed. Contain and collect spillage and place in suitable container for future disposal. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations (see Section 13).

#### Reference to other sections:

For personal protective equipment see Section 8. For disposal see Section 13.

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page **5** of **12** 

**Revision date: 13.09.2024** 

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage precautions**

#### **Precautions for safe handling:**

Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing mist/vapor/spray/dust. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Keep away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Keep containers tightly closed when not in use.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Keep away from food and beverages. Store below 30 °C (room temperature). Storage areas and containers should be protected from light, freezing or physical damage. Store away from heat, open flames and other sources of ignition. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials (See Section 10). Container type: HDPE bottle.

#### Safe packaging material

#### Suitable material:

Not determined or not applicable.

#### **Unsuitable material:**

Not determined or not applicable.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection**

#### **Occupational Exposure limit values:**

Country (Legal Basis)	Substance	Identifier	Permissible concentration
New Zealand	Talc (non-asbestiform)		8-hour TWA: 2 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos fibers respirable dust)

#### **Biological limit value:**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

#### **Information on monitoring procedures:**

Not determined or not applicable

#### **Appropriate engineering controls:**

Emergency eye wash stations and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide adequate ventilation to maintain the airborne concentrations of vapor, mists, and/or dusts below the applicable workplace exposure limits, while observing recognized national standards (or equivalent).

#### **Personal protection equipment**

#### Eye and face protection:

Safety glasses or goggles. Use eye protection equipment that has been tested and approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

#### Skin and body protection:

Chemical resistant, impervious gloves approved by the appropriate standards. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove used gloves and contaminated clothing. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Ensure that all personal protective equipment is approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent).

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Page **6** of **12 Initial preparation date:** 21.09.2021

**Revision date:** 13.09.2024

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

### **Respiratory protection:**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below the applicable workplace exposure limits, or to an acceptable level (if exposure limits have not been established), a respirator approved by recognized national standards (or equivalent) must be worn.

#### **General hygienic measures:**

When handling chemical products, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Perform routine housekeeping.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Physical state	Solid; Off-white to tan coloured tablet
Odour	Odourless
Odour threshold	Not determined or not available.
pH	Not determined or not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not determined or not available.
Initial boiling point/range	Not determined or not available.
Flash point (closed cup)	Not relevant
Flammability (solid, gas)	Non flammable
Upper flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Lower flammability/explosive limit	Not determined or not available.
Vapour pressure	Not determined or not available.
Vapour density	Not determined or not available.
Relative density	Not determined or not available.
Solubilities	Not determined or not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not determined or not available.
Auto/Self-ignition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not determined or not available.
Kinematic viscosity	Not determined or not available.
Particle characteristics	Not determined or not available.

Other information: No additional information.

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### Reactivity:

Not reactive under recommended handling and storage conditions.

### **Chemical stability:**

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

#### **Possibility of hazardous reactions:**

Hazardous reactions are not anticipated under recommended conditions of handling and storage.

#### **Conditions to avoid:**

Extreme heat, open flames, hot surfaces, sparks, ignition sources and incompatible materials.

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page **7** of **12** 

**Revision date: 13.09.2024** 

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

#### **Incompatible materials:**

Compatible with most commonly used materials.

### **Hazardous decomposition products:**

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **Acute toxicity:**

#### **Assessment:**

Harmful if swallowed

#### Product data:

٠.		7440t WWW.	
	Route	Result	
ĺ	Oral	LD50 Rat: 1557 mg/kg (Calculated)	

#### Substance data:

Name	Route	Result
Enrofloxacin	oral	LD50 Rabbit: 500 mg/kg
Talc (non-asbestiform)	oral	LD50 Rat: > 5000 mg/kg
	dermal	LD50 Rat: > 2000 mg/kg
	inhalation	LC50 Rat: > 2.1 mg/L (4hr [aerosol])

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Serious eye damage/irritation

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available. **Substance data:** No data available.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

#### Assessment:

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### **Product data:**

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause allergic skin reaction.

### Substance data:

Name	Result	
Enrofloxacin	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	

### Carcinogenicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Species	Result
Talc (non-asbestiform)		Talc containing asbestos is carcinogenic to humans.

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page 8 of 12

**Revision date: 13.09.2024** 

# **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC): None of the ingredients are listed.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available. **Substance data:** No data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Product data:**

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result	
Enrofloxacin Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child		

### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available. **Substance data:** No data available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

#### **Assessment:**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Product data:**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### **Substance data:**

Name	Result	
Enrofloxacin	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Product data: No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

### Information on likely routes of exposure:

Inhalation; ingestion; skin contact; eye contact

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics:

See section 4 of this SDS.

#### Other information:

No data available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### Acute (short-term) toxicity

Assessment: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result	
Enrofloxacin	Aquatic Invertebrates EC50 Penaeus vannamei: 0.0143 mg/L (48 hr)	

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page 9 of 12

**Revision date:** 13.09.2024

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

Name	Result
Talc (non-asbestiform)	Fish LC50 Freshwater fish: 89,581 mg/L (96 hr [QSAR])
	Aquatic Plants EC50 Green algae: 7203 mg/L (96 hr [QSAR])
	Aquatic Invertebrates LC50 Daphnid species: 36,812 mg/L (48 hr [QSAR])

# **Chronic (long-term) toxicity**

**Assessment:** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Product data:** No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result
Talc (non-asbestiform)	Fish NOEC Freshwater fish: 5980 mg/L (30 d [QSAR])
	Aquatic Invertebrates NOEC Daphnid species: 1460 mg/L (30 d [QSAR])
	Aquatic Plants NOEC Green algae: 918 mg/L (30 d [QSAR])

### Persistence and degradability

Product data: No data available.

#### Substance data:

Name	Result	
Talc (non-asbestiform)	Persistence assessment based on biodegradability is not applicable for	
	inorganic substances such as this one.	

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product data: No data available.

### **Substance data:**

Name	Result
Enrofloxacin	Bioaccumulation is not to be expected (predicted BCF: 8.75 L/kg).
Talc (non-asbestiform)	The substance is not expected to bioaccumulate (calculated BCF: 3.162 L/kg).

### **Mobility in soil**

Product data: No data available.

### Substance data:

Name	Result
Enrofloxacin	The substance is expected to be moderately mobile with some potential for adsorption into soil (predicated Koc: 481)
Talc (non-asbestiform)	The substance is mobile in soil with low potential for adsorption to soil and sediment (calculated Koc at 20 °C: 31.82).

### Hazard to the ozone layer

Product data: No data available.

Substance data: No data available.

Other adverse effects: No data available.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### **Disposal methods:**

It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory agencies. Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, regional, state and federal regulations.

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page **10** of **12** 

**Revision date:** 13.09.2024

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

### **Contaminated packages:**

Not determined or not applicable.

### Disposal methods that should not be used:

No additional information.

# **SECTION 14: Transportation information**

### Road/Rail transport: (NZS 5433:1999)

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

### **International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-ICAO)**

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

### **International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG)**

UN number	Not regulated
UN proper shipping name	Not regulated
UN transport hazard class(es)	None
Packing group	None
Environmental hazards	None
Special precautions for user	None

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code:

Bulk Name	None
Ship type	None
Pollution category	None

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page **11** of **12** 

**Revision date:** 13.09.2024

**ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS** 

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):** All of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### **HSNO Classification or Subclasses:**

Class	GHS Category	HSNO Category
Acute toxicity (oral)	category 4	6.1D (Oral)
Respiratory sensitization	category 1	6.5A
Skin sensitization	category 1	6.5B
Specific target organ toxicity -	category 1	6.9A
repeated exposure		

HSNO Group Standard Name:	HSNO Approval Number:
Veterinary Medicines (Limited Pack Size,	HSR100757
Finished Dose) Group Standard 2020	

**HSNO Controls:** Not determined.

**Approved handler test certificate:** Not determined.

**Tracking:** Not determined.

**Controlled substance license requirements:** Not applicable. **Agricultural Compounds and Veterinary Medicines Act 1997:** 

ACVM number	A010358 (150mg) A010359 (50mg)
-------------	--------------------------------

Montreal Protocol (Ozone Depleting Substances): None of the ingredients are listed.

**Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants):** None of the ingredients are listed.

**Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent):** None of the ingredients are listed.

**Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste):** None of the ingredients are listed.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Abbreviations and Acronyms:**

•
Acute Toxicity Estimate
Bioconcentration Factor
Chemical Abstracts Service
Effective Concentration of 50%
Globally Harmonized System
Hazardous Substances and New Organisms
International Agency for Research on Cancer
International Air Transport Association
Intermediate Bulk Container
International Civil Aviation Organization
International Maritime Dangerous Goods
Lethal Concentration 50%
Lethal Dose 50%
International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

According to New Zealand, Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 (HSNO Act) and Regulations, as amended.

Initial preparation date: 21.09.2021 Page 12 of 12

**Revision date:** 13.09.2024

### **ENROBACTIN 50/150 ANTIBIOTIC TABLETS**

NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
TWA	Time Weighted Average
UN	United Nations
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds

#### Disclaimer:

The information provided in this SDS is correct, to the best of our knowledge, based on information available. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, storage, transportation and disposal and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials, unless specified in the text. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user.

**Initial preparation date:** 21.09.2021

**Revision date:** 13.09.2024

**Revision Notes:** 

Revision Date	Notes
13-09-2024	Version 2; Supersedes Version 1 (21.09.2021)

**End of Safety Data Sheet**